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## Data and Calculations for Experiment 3

A. Concentration of a Saturated Solution (record all masses as $\mathrm{x} . \mathrm{xxx} \mathrm{g}$ )

1. a) Mass of evaporating dish
b) Mass of evap. dish and potassium chloride solution $\qquad$
c) Mass of evap. dish and residue $\qquad$
2. Calculate: (show setups)
a) Mass of potassium chloride solution $\qquad$
b) Mass of residue $\qquad$
c) Mass of water in potassium chloride solution
d) Mass percent of potassium chloride in the solution
e) Grams of potassium chloride per 100 g of water in the solution
B. Relative Solubility of a Solute in Two Solvents
3. a) Which liquid is denser, decane or water?
b) How did you decide which layer was water?
4. What is the color of iodine in water?

What is the color of iodine in decane?
3. Which solvent dissolves more iodine? How did you decide this?

Name:
Section: $\qquad$
C. Miscibility of Liquids

1. Which liquids were miscible with each other?
2. Which liquids were immiscible with each other?
D. Particle Size and Dissolution Rates
3. How long did it take the fine salt crystals to dissolve?
4. How long did it take the coarse salt crystals to dissolve?
E. Temperature and Dissolution Rates
5. How long did it take the salt crystals to dissolve in hot water?
6. How long did it take the salt crystals to dissolve in cold water?

## F. Temperature and Solubility

1. Was the solution with 1.0 g of NaCl in 5.0 mL water saturated at room temperature?
2. Was the solution with 1.0 g of $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ in 5.0 mL water saturated at room temperature?
3. Was the solution with 2.4 g of NaCl in 5.0 mL water saturated at room temperature?
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4. Was the solution with 2.4 g of $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ in 5.0 mL water saturated at room temperature?
5. Which salt was least soluble at higher temperatures?
6. At the higher temperatures, was the NaCl solution saturated?
7. At the higher temperatures, was the $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution saturated?
8. What happened to the NaCl solution when it was cooled back to room temperature?
9. What happened to the $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution when it was cooled back to room temperature?
G. Ionic Reactions in Solution
10. Write the formulas for the following: barium sulfate barium chloride sodium sulfate sodium chloride
11. Write the equation that shows the reaction of barium chloride and sodium sulfate. Use state indicators such as (aq) and (s) for all compounds.
12. Which compound is the white precipitate? How do you know this?
