Na	me:	Section:
Da	ta and Calculations	
1.	Unknown sample number	
2.	Mass of test tube:	
3.	Mass of test tube and sample before heating:	
4.	Mass of test tube and sample after heating:	
5.	Mass of sample in the tube before heating:	
6.	Mass of residue in test tube after heating:	
7.	Mass of oxygen gas released:	
8.	Volume of oxygen gas at room temperature:	
9.	Atmospheric pressure:	
10.	Vapor pressure of water:	
11.	Temperature of water:	
Qu	estions (to be completed while in the laborator	\mathbf{y})
1.	Calculate the pressure of the collected oxygen g water).	as (i.e. correct for the vapor pressure of
2.	How much volume would the gas in question #1	occupy at STP?
3.	Determine the moles of oxygen gas collected frogas.	om the experimental mass of the oxygen

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4.	4. Use questions #2 and #3 to determine the molar volume (gas would occupy at STP).	i.e. how many Liters/mole the	
5.	5. Determine the % error of your molar volume from that of	an ideal gas.	
6.	6. Along with oxygen gas, potassium chloride is also formed Write a balanced equation for the reaction. Also describe you suspect that this "filler" is necessary for this particular or why not.	the purpose of the MnO ₂ . Do	
7.	7. Calculate the number of grams of potassium chlorate in yo	our original sample.	
8.	8. Determine the mass percent of KClO ₃ in your original samp was not pure KClO ₃ but has varying amounts of other con	· •	
9.	9. What would happen if you didn't remove the stopper from	n the hot test tube?	

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Po	st-lab Questions
1.	A sample of an unknown metal chlorate weighing 1.725 g is heated until all of the oxygen is driven off. The residue remaining in the container weighs 0.859 g. Calculate the percentage of oxygen in this metal chlorate.
2.	340 mL of oxygen gas are collected by displacement of water at 33 °C and 742 torr, where the vapor pressure of water at this temperature is known to be 37.8 torr.
	A. What is the pressure of the oxygen gas?
	B. Determine the volume of the oxygen gas at STP.